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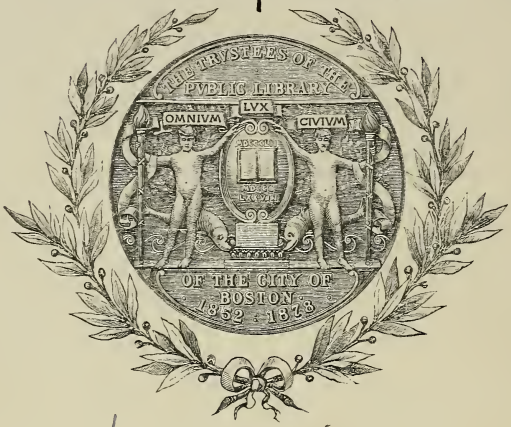

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Herbert A. Moody

HISTORICAL NOTES
Concerning the
MOODY FAMILY

Compiled by
HERBERT A. MOODY
Turners Falls, Mass.
1947

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Price $1.00 per copy
HERBERT A. MOODY
TURNERS FALLS, MASS.

Herbert A. Moody
Mar 21, 1947

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INTRODUCTION

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There have been many genealogical sketches of the Moody family written though not all published, but for the most part these have dealt with some one branch of the family.

The writer has copied the data from practically all of these sketches and added to it data from the vital records of all of the New England states to build as complete a family tree as possible from emigrants to the present time.

It is the expectation that this work will sometime be published but if not it will be presented in its present form to the New England Historical and Genealogical Society in Boston.

The object of the following pages is to group together a number of interesting facts relating to members of this family which have come to the writer's attention.

HISTORICAL NOTES

concerning the

MOODY FAMILY

By Herbert A. Moody, Turners Falls, Massachusetts

Price $1.00 per copy

A 43 page, paper covered, booklet listing: Moody Emigrants and Early Proprietors. Moodys, and who they were, involved in the Early Indian Wars, the Revolutionary War and Shay's Rebellion. Moodys of New England in the First U.S. Census of 1790 and who they were. Early Moody settlers on the New England Frontier. Moodys, and who they were, involved in the War of 1812 and the Civil War. The early Moodys who pioneered westward and the Origin of the Moody Family.

The booklet contains interesting stories about many of the Moodys mentioned.

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THE EMIGRANTS

The New England Moodys are mostly descendants of the emigrants John Moody of Hartford, Conn., and William Moody of Newbury, Mass. Lady Deborah Moody was an early emigrant who lived in Salem, Mass., in 1640 and had a son Henry. In 1643 they settled in Long Island and little is known of Henry's descendants. There were Moodys in New York City and New Jersey during the Revolution who probably were his descendants.

John Moody came to Roxbury, Mass., in 1633 and about seven years later settled in Hartford with the small colony that had made the original settlement there a few years earlier under the leadership of Rev. Samuel Hooker. John had but one son, Samuel, so his descendants do not comprise as large a group as the descendants of William of Newbury. Samuel had three sons, the oldest, John, remained in Connecticut but the two younger sons moved to Hadley, Mass., where their father Samuel is buried. Descendants of John migrated to Vermont, New York state and further west, few being found east of the Connecticut River.

Members of the John Moody line trace their ancestry back to Richard Moody of Moulton, County Suffolk, England, John's grandfather who died in 1574. He was probably of Edmund Moody of County Suffolk who was knighted by Henry the Eighth October 6, 1541, as the early families in America bore the coat of arms and crest granted Edmund and described in the records of the College of Heraldry in England.

William Moody came to Ipswich, Mass., in 1634 and settled in Newbury the following year. He had three or four sons. The oldest son, William, was thought to be a myth by Charles C. P. Moody who published in 1847 his Biographical Sketches of the Moody Family. His introduction quotes Joshua Coffin, the historian of Newbury, who stated that William had a wife Sarah and four sons, William, Samuel, Joshua, and Caleb. Charles C. P. then presents an argument to disprove the existence of the son William.

In the third generation from the emigrant William, of the first generation in America, there was an Eleaser Moody and there was a Thomas Moody in Boston and a Clement Moody of Exeter, N. H. Perhaps one or two of these were son or sons of the emigrant's oldest son William, but if there were no such son as William they were later emigrants.

Descendants of William of Newbury settled principally in Maine, New Hampshire and the eastern part of Massachusetts.

William[3] Moody, born in Newbury in 1673, a son of Caleb[2], was working in a grist mill in Exeter, he then 35 years old, when he was captured by Indians. The canoe route of the Indians for the trip back to Canada was up the Merrimack to the Contoocook River, up the Contoocook to the head waters of the Sugar River, down the Sugar to the Con-

necticut River, up the Connecticut to the White River, up the White to the head waters of the Winooski River and down the Winooski to Lake Champlain.

During the passage of these Indians down a branch of the Winooski they were fired upon by a party of Deerfield Rangers who were returning from a scouting expedition. William Moody tried to make his escape during the excitement but was recaptured and burned at the stake. This incident is related in *Border Wars of New England* by S. A. Drake.

The fact that this William Moody of Newbury was working in Exeter causes one to wonder if he were a cousin of Clement of Exeter. There is no record to show that this William had a family, probably he did not since his estate was divided among his brothers and sisters.

Clement of Exeter had six sons and at least one daughter. Most of his descendants settled in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

It is doubtful if Eleaser Moody of Boston had children although he married Eleanor Thompson of Braintree, he then living in Dedham.

Thomas Moody of Boston may have been the grandfather of John Moody of Boston who married Tamson Rogers in King's Chapel, Boston, in 1751. John was clerk of King's Chapel in 1776, in which year he moved with his family of eleven children to Halifax, N. S. Evidently he was a Tory. His first son was named Thomas. A twelfth child was born in Halifax.

The emigrant William was probably related to John of Hartford, as William's coat of arms hangs in Memorial Hall in Newburyport with the coat of arms of other first settlers of Newbury and it is like in every detail to that displayed by members of the John line. Rev. Phineas Moody, 1822-58, of the seventh generation from John of Hartford, has left a valuable record of descendants of John and he states that William was from Ipswich, County Suffolk, England.

There was another early emigrant, John Moody, who came from England to Virginia before 1706. He may be the ancestor of the present Moodys of Texas.

There has also been noted several much later emigrants such as the brothers John, Edmund and Thomas, sons of Thomas Moody of England who was born in 1767. John came to America in 1830 and settled in Bridgeport, Conn. He had nine children. Edmund came in 1852 to Bridgeport but moved to Wisconsin in 1855. He had four children. Thomas came in 1857 with twelve children and settled in Kansas. The name Edmund in this family suggests that they may have been related to Sir Edmund of County Suffolk, England.

Also Dr. Robert Moody of Burlington, Vt., whose wife Mary died, age 22, in St. Augustine, Fla., March 9, 1829, is said to have been a native of Ireland.

John Moody of New York City, publisher of Moody's Financial Statistics, said that his father was born in Scotland.

EARLY PROPRIETORS

Reading the book, *Look to the Mountain,* by LeGrand Cannon, which so well describes the first settlement of Tamworth, N. H., about 1775, gives one a very clear idea of what those rugged individualists went through one hundred and seventy years ago to make a home for themselves. Non-resident proprietors were granted tracts of land by the General Court of Massachusetts or New Hampshire as a reward for military service, on condition that a prescribed number of settlements be made thereon within a definite period of time. The proprietors engaged to furnish surveys and improvements such as roads, grist and saw mills, etc., and were compensated by payments by the settlers for such land as they chose to acquire.

The book *Come Spring,* by Ben Ames Williams, is a similar and very interesting story of the first settlement of Warren, Me.

Several members of the Moody family were early proprietors. In 1736 land was granted in Bakerstown, now Poland, Me., to "Officers and soldiers of the Canadian Expedition" among whom were Caleb Moody and Joshua Moody. These were Caleb[4] (Caleb[3-2], William[1]) and Joshua[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2], William[1]), both of Newbury.

The proprietors of Buxton, Me., were men of Newbury, Mass., who held their meetings in Capt. Joseph Hale's Inn in Newbury. In the minutes of the meetings of the "Proprietors of Narragansett No. 1," later called Buxton, from 1738 to 1757, appears the name of Benjamin Moody[4] (Caleb[3-2], William[1]). In the minutes from 1738 to 1743 appears the name of Caleb Moody[4] (Caleb[3-2], William[1]). In the minutes of 1743 is the name of Samuel Moody[4] (Samuel[3-2], William[1]). From 1756 to 1764 is Capt. Cutting Moody[4] (Cutting[3], Samuel[2], William[1]) and Jacob Moody in the Minutes of 1764.

A James Moody of Buxton was in the Continental Army in 1777. It seems probable that he was a son of one of the above proprietors but his parentage is unknown.

The old Caleb Moody homestead in West Newbury, a historic landmark for the past 288 years, is evidence of the prosperity acquired by Caleb Moody[4], probably through his land holdings at Bakerstown and Narragansett No. 1. The first structure on this homestead was built by Caleb's grandfather in 1658, who was said to have been the second white child born in Newbury. Eight rooms at the front of the early structure were added in 1773 by Caleb[4], three years before his death, for his son Caleb who had fifteen children.

Caleb[5] married Dorothy Sargent (1736-1826), of whom it is said that she lived to bury eleven of her fifteen children. One of these children

was Elizabeth, who married in 1794 Joseph Ridgeway, said to be the first chaise maker in the Merrimack valley.

The youngest son of Joseph, Moses Moody Ridgeway, bought out the other heirs to the homestead in 1839, since which time the homestead has been known as the Ridgeway farm.

The "Old Slave Quarters" to the right of the house was sold in 1934 to Herbert Bridges and transformed into a modern dwelling. The old colonial house and large barn connected with the estate and about a half acre of land was sold in 1939 to John P. Marquand, the Newbury author.

Mr. Marquand's intention when purchasing the property was to transfer the old colonial features, stairways, entrance, etc., to his new home and then tear down the remainder of the buildings, but such local protest was aroused on account of their historic value that he has allowed them to remain.

What a story the old house could unfold if it were able to talk. The original owner, Caleb[2], youngest son of the emigrant, was imprisoned five weeks in 1688 during the tyrannical administration of Andros. His account of this incident is told in Coffin's *History of Newbury.* He was 51 years of age at this time. His chief offense was having in his possession a paper warning the people of the danger they were in under an arbitrary government and daring to speak and act as a freeman.

The following is the Freeman's Oath so often mentioned in Colonial History as the oath required of new comers to the colonies before they were allowed to participate in governmental affairs.

> *I, A. B., being by God's providence an inhabitant and Freeman within the jurisdiction of this commonwealth, do freely acknowledge myself to be subject to the Government thereof, and therefore do here swear by the great and dreadful name of the everlasting God, that I will be true and faithful to the same, and will accordingly yield assistance and support thereunto, with my person and estate, as in equity I am bound; and I will also truly endeavor to maintain and preserve all the liberties and privileges thereof, submitting myself to the wholesome laws and orders, made and established by the same. And further, that I will not plot nor practice any evil against it, nor consent to any that shall do so, but will truly discover and reveal the same to lawful authority now here established, for the speedy preventing thereof. Moreover, I do solemnly bind myself in the sight of God, that when I shall be called to give my voice, touching any such a matter of this state, wherein Freemen are to deal, I will give my vote and suffrage, as I shall judge in mine own conscience may best conduce and tend to the public weal of the body, without respect of persons or favor of any man; so help me God in the Lord Jesus Christ.*

In 1761 Joseph Moody and Thomas Moody were among petitioners

for land at or near Mt. Desert, Me., which comprised an area extending eight miles along the coast and from the sea inland a distance of five miles. Its western boundary was located six miles east of what is now Union River, then called Mt. Desert River. This petition was granted in 1764.

Joseph and Thomas were sons of Rev. Joseph Moody of York, Me., who was known as "Handkerchief Moody." Rev. Joseph graduated from Harvard College in 1718 and in 1732 became the minister of the second church of York, continuing as such for six years, when falling into a gloomy and disordered state of mind, he relinquished all of his public duties. He chose to eat alone and kept his face covered with a handkerchief when in the company of other people, with whom he imagined himself unfit to associate.

Nathaniel Hawthorne, in a footnote to his story *The Minister of the Black Veil,* refers to Joseph Moody of York as an instance similar to that of his story.

Rev. Joseph's father, Rev. Samuel Moody, the sixth son of Caleb[2] of Newbury, graduated from Harvard in 1697 and became the minister of the first church of York.

Rev. Samuel seems to have been noted as an eloquent speaker but evidently was a bit eccentric. It is said that when he detected slumberers in the pews he would interrupt his sermon and shout: "Fire! Fire!" Awakened thus abruptly from their dreams, the startled sleepers would shout: "Where?' "In Hell for sleeping sinners" explained the Rev. Mr. Moody blandly.

Rev. Joseph was the only son of Rev. Samuel Moody, but there was a daughter Mary who married, in 1721, Rev. Joseph Emerson of Malden. Their son was Rev. William Emerson, grandfather of Ralph Waldo Emerson. It was for him that the manse in Concord, Mass., was built, in which Nathaniel Hawthorne later lived when he wrote *Mosses from an Old Manse.*

Rev. William had a daughter named Mary Moody Emerson, for his mother, and it was this maiden aunt of Ralph Waldo's who was such a help to the family when Ralph Waldo's father died while the children were young.

The proprietor, Joseph Moody, moved from York to Newbury in 1765 when he was 36 years old, but was not welcomed there, where his grandfather was born, with what might be termed "open arms."

In one of the original expense books of Newbury may be found the following entry: "Warned out of town by Constable Pearson October 28, 1765, Joseph Moody and his wife Elizabeth, with their children, viz.: Lucy, Elizabeth, Hannah, Samuel, and Joseph, with Benjamin Sweat, apprentice, these last from York." It would be interesting to learn what offense was the cause of this warning. Perhaps it was a matter of religious belief not acceptable to the town fathers of Newbury. However the warning did not take since the baptismal records of Joseph's

later children, Sarah in 1766, the twins, Robert Rose and Dorothy Rose in 1770, and William in 1775, are all found in Newbury. Also in the Court records of Wiscassett, Me., is found a record of the sale to William Moore of the right and title to one half a proprietor's share in the "new Township at Eastward" December 22, 1770, by Joseph Moody of Newbury, County Essex, Province Massachusetts Bay, an original grantee. Perhaps this was a family transaction as Joseph's wife was Elizabeth Moore.

An interesting story is told by a descendant of the other proprietor, Thomas Moody of York, to the effect that Thomas was one of five brothers, one of whom, "Old Parson Moody," preached the sermon at the funeral of Sir William Pepperrill and the other four were bearers. To each of these brothers was given a funeral ring, one ring having descended to the Thomas descendant. The ring bears on the inside the inscription "Sir William Pepperrill, 6 July 1759, ae 63."

Who were the five Moodys of this tradition, if they all were Moodys? Probably Joseph and Thomas of the above 1764 land grant, with their only brother, Samuel, were three, but which of them would be "Old Parson Moody"? Samuel was but 33 years in 1759, Joseph was 30 and Thomas was 26.

Their father, Rev. Joseph, died in 1753 and his father, Rev. Samuel, died in 1747. Rev. Samuel's second wife was a sister of Sir William, Mrs. Ruth (Pepperrell) Newman, born 1688, died 1764.

Sir William Pepperrell lived in Kittery and there also lived in Kittery an Edmund Moody, cousin of Rev. Joseph Moody of York, and Edmund's mother-in-law, Mrs. Joan (Pepperrell) Jackson, was also a sister of Sir William.

Two of Edmund's sons, George Jackson Moody, ae 24 in 1759, and William Pepperell Moody, ae 18, may have made up the quintet, but who played the role of "Old Parson Moody"? Perhaps it was the brother Samuel of York, who graduated from Harvard in 1746 and so was versed in theology. He was known as Master Moody and was the first Preceptor of Dummer Academy.

Still another proprietor was John Moody of Newbury, born in 1740, son of Samuel, the Buxton proprietor of 1743. John's name was among petitioners for land "between the land belonging to the late Brig. Gen. Waldo and the river Passamaquoddy or St. Croix." The land granted in 1762 to David March of Haverhill and others was "6 townships of 6 square miles each, between the rivers Penobscot and St. Croix." This was probably David March, Jr., born about 1730, son of David and Mary (Moody) March of Haverhill. Mary was a sister of Capt. Cutting Moody, one of the Buxton proprietors.

John Moody's father, Samuel, married Elizabeth Gerrish and died in 1846. In Coffin's History of Newbury mention is made, in 1759, of Sergt. John Moody, son of Elizabeth (Gerrish) Moody. On the Massachusetts muster rolls in the State House in Boston appears the name of Capt. John Moody of Col. Stephen Emery's Regiment March 23, 1767, and under

the date of January 12, 1768 "Thomas Ilsley appointed Captain in room of Moody." Possibly John took off to look over his domain.

EARLY INDIAN WARS

The first Indian war was King Philip's War, which ended on the Kennebec in 1678.

The second war was from 1688 to 1699.

The third war started in 1702 and ended in 1713.

The fourth war ended with the treaty of Falmouth in 1726.

The fifth war started with the Louisburg Expedition in 1745 and ended in 1748. It was during this war that Acadia was ceded to the English and the Acadians were sent to Louisiana to become Cajuns.

The sixth and last war started in 1754 and ended in 1759.

During the second Indian War Pemaquid was taken in 1689, after which all settlers on the frontier retired to Casco or Falmouth.

In 1697 Saco was attacked. Of a party chopping wood on Cow Island two were killed and Lieut. Fletcher with his two sons were carried away as prisoners. Two miles up the Saco River from the sea was the Scammon home. Here the ten year old son, going to his father in the field with a mug of ale, was frightened back to the house by Indians who captured the entire family and took them as prisoners to Canada.

A descendant of this family, Elizabeth Scammon, married in 1763 William Pepperrell Moody whose grandson, Joseph S. Moody of Saco, born in 1827, had this mug in his possession up to the time of his death in 1905. William Pepperrell Moody, born in 1741, settled in Saco from Kittery.

The first permanent settlement was made in 1630 and given the Indian name of Saco. Until 1718 one side of the river was called East Saco, the opposite side being called West Saco. In 1718 the name was changed to Biddeford.

Sir William Pepperrell of Kittery had been granted considerable land in this vicinity and in 1752 donated to "the inhabitants of the east side of the river" the land now known in Saco as Pepperrell Park.

In 1762 the east side became Pepperrellborough but was changed to the original name of Saco in 1805.

It was in 1762 that the First Congregational Church was organized, the building having been built, between 1752 and 1757, on the land donated by Sir William Pepperrell.

On October 27, 1762, the church pastor, a Mr. Fairfield, was ordained and the day became one of feasting and joy. Mr. Ebenezer Ayre provided a dinner on this occasion, at the expense of the town, of which

ninety persons partook. "Among the articles provided were sixty four pounds of beef, two geese, three turkeys, five fowls and forty three pounds of pork, one barrel of beer, two gallons of rum and two quarts of brandy with sugar, butter and flour in proportion." It doesn't seem as if they had brandy enough.

In 1801 the second and larger Congregational Church structure was built on a site reserved for that purpose and given by the Commonwealth, which at that time was Massachusetts. Not until March 4, 1820, was the separation from Massachusetts effected and Maine became another State in the Union.

At the time the second church structure was built Edmund Moody was on the building committee. He was then 36 years old, a son of William Pepperell Moody and was known as Capt. Edmund. He died in 1829.

Rev. Samuel Moody, the only son of Rev. Joshua, graduated from Harvard in 1689 and preached several years at New Castle, N. H. His father Joshua, second or third son of the emigrant, graduated from Harvard in 1653 and in 1658 became the minister of the First Congregational Church in Portsmouth.

After a few years in New Castle, Rev. Samuel associated himself with the new settlers in Falmouth, now Portland, Me., as a military commander, having laid aside his ministerial calling. He became known as Major Samuel Moody, having command of the fort at Casco, and was many times instrumental in effecting treaties between the Indians and the Government in Boston.

No doubt Major Samuel participated in the second and some of the later Indian wars.

It was during the third war that the little settlement at Deerfield, Mass., on the Connecticut River was sacked by the Indians.

The story is told in the book *Boy Captive of Old Deerfield* by Mary P. Wells Smith, how Rev. John Williams and family were taken captive to Canada, except Mrs. Williams, who was killed at a site near the present pumping station in Greenfield, being unable to keep pace with the Indians.

After a period Rev. John Williams and his son Stephen returned from Canada and Stephen entered Harvard College. In August of 1712, after completing three years at Harvard, Stephen received a letter from the tutor of Joshua Moody at "New Castle on the Piscatagua" asking if Stephen would take Joshua Moody as a "chamber mate" during his senior year.

This Joshua Moody was the older son of Maj. Samuel Moody of Falmouth and graduated from Harvard in 1716, having been born in New Castle in 1695. He became a Magistrate in Portland and died in 1748.

An interesting feature of the letter to Stephen Williams, which may be seen in Memorial Hall in Deerfield, is the closing remark expressing a desire to exchange "east country for west country news."

Two hundred and thirty odd years ago, Deerfield located one hundred miles from Boston, was out in the far west.

Clement Moody, oldest son of the first Clement of Exeter, participated in the third Indian war. He was a soldier of Exeter with a scouting party under Capt. James Davis in 1712.

The "Canadian Expedition" in which Caleb Moody and Joshua Moody, proprietors of Bakerstown, took part must have been during the fourth Indian war. They were granted land in 1736.

Another Moody participant in the fourth war was Dr. Samuel Moody, the younger son of Major Samuel of Falmouth. He graduated from Harvard in 1718, became a surgeon in the army and was stationed at Fort George, Brunswick, Me.

Dr. Samuel's sister, Esther (Moody) Wheelwright, was living at the fort at this period, with her two small children. The children went out to school, but attended by a servant. One day he was late calling for them and they started home alone. They were stolen by Indians, taken to Canada and sold to the French. The girl was placed in a convent. Later, when the folks learned where she was they were unable to persuade her to return. She often communicated with them and sent them an oil painting of herself which is in the possession of a Moody descendant of her family.

Dr. Samuel Moody had a son Samuel (1730-1803) who married Hannah Minot in 1757, and had eleven children. One daughter was named Esther Wheelwright Moody for his above mentioned aunt. This Samuel finally settled in Bath, Me. A son, John Minot Moody, had a daughter Mary who, on December 2, 1887, presented the Sagadahoc Historical Society in Bath, a "mourning ring" worn by her grandmother Hannah after the death of her husband. She outlived him by 23 years.

The Expedition to Louisburg in 1745 was at the beginning of the fifth Indian war. This expedition was under the direct command of Sir William Pepperrell and his chaplain on the expedition was his previously mentioned brother-in-law, Rev. Samuel Moody of York, then 70 years old.

The attack on Louisburg, by sea, was a complete surprise and, though considered impregnable by the French, it was soon taken.

Sometime after landing the Rev. Samuel was discovered within the church demolishing the images and "objects of Papal worship." This incident is well described in Evelyn Eaton's book, *Restless Are the Sails,* and is referred to in an appendix to the Memoir of Rev. Joseph Emerson of Malden, Rev. Samuel's son-in-law.

Other Moodys on this expedition were Parker Moody[5] (Ezra[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]), born in Newbury in 1717 and Clement Moody[5] (Clement[4-3]) of Exeter, N. H. It is said of this expedition that many of the men were from New Hampshire.

In Capt. John Huckins' Scouts of Exeter was a Thomas Moody, when in 1745 they were sent to the protection of Rochester. This may have been Thomas[4] (Thomas[3], Caleb[2]), born in Newbury in 1703. His brother, Rev. John, two years younger, was then the minister of the first church in Newmarket, N. H., which had been set off from Exeter about 1727. Pos-

sibly Thomas was also living there in 1745 although he died in Newburyport in 1784.

Daniel Moody[5] (Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]), born in 1714, was on the muster roll of Capt. George Berry's Company in Scarboro, Me., in 1746/7 and probably Capt. Cutting (1710-1798), the Buxton proprietor, played some part in this fifth war.

For some reason the record of Moody participants in the sixth and last Indian war, from 1754 to 1759, is larger than that of all the previous wars combined.

Beginning with Brunswick on the eastern frontier, there were the following Moodys on the muster roll of 1756/7:

Capt. Samuel[4] (Samuel[3], Joshua[2]), born 1699 in New Castle.

Sgt. Samuel[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1710 in Newbury.

Samuel, Jr.,[5] (Samuel[4-3], Joshua[2]), born 1730 in Falmouth.

Joshua[5] (Samuel[4-3], Joshua[2]), born 1733 in Falmouth.

William[5] (Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]), born 1740 in Falmouth.

This William was listed as Capt. Samuel's servant. He was but 16 years old in 1756.

On the alarm list of 1757 in Falmouth there were:

Enoch Moody[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]), born 1713 in Newbury.

Benjamin Moody[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]), born 1721 in Newbury.

Enoch Moody settled in Falmouth in 1738 and had a family of nine children. His father, Joshua, and Major Samuel, the first Moody settler of Falmouth, were cousins. The oldest house in Portland, in 1847, was that on the corner of Franklin and Congress Streets, built in 1740 by Enoch Moody and occupied by him until his death in 1777, at the age of 64.

Enoch's older brother, Sergt. Samuel, on the above Brunswick muster roll, was first recorded in Falmouth as being on a committee from Windham in 1743. His brother Benjamin was 43 years old when he married in Newbury. All of his six children were born in Newburyport.

On the Militia list of 1757 in York, Me., were the following Moodys:

William[6] (Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1737.

Ebenezer[6] (Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1739.

The History of York says that they were "among those living on the West Side." Perhaps today it would be said that they lived "the other side of the tracks" and so are not to be confused with the earlier Moody family from Rev. Samuel of York, although their great grandfather, Daniel[3], was an older half brother of Rev. Samuel.

Their father, Daniel[5], was born in Stratham, N. H., in 1714, where his father, Daniel[4], had just settled from Salisbury, Mass. When Daniel[5] was 10 years old his father settled in Scarboro, Me., and in 1735 Daniel[5] married Mary Pierce of York.

Probably Daniel and Mary lived in Scarboro as his name was on the Scarboro muster roll of 1746. Evidently he died in 1746 as the marriage intentions of Thomas Rhodes and their mother, Mary Moody, were pub-

lished in York November 13, 1746, William then being about 10 years old and Ebenezer about 8.

On the Militia list in Haverhill, Mass., in 1757 was Elisha Moody, whose parentage is unknown. He married, in Haverhill in 1754, Mary Knowlton. It is thought that he might have been a son of Joseph Moody[4] (Cutting[3], Samuel[2]), and Judith Kelly, who were married in 1722. Judith died December 20, 1738, and no record has been found of any children of this marriage. They probably lived in Newbury, although Joseph lived in Amesbury after his second marriage.

There were the following Moodys of Newbury listed in Col. John Greenlief's Regiment in 1754/5:

Friend[5] (Oliver[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]), born 1735 in Newbury.

Samuel[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]), born 1731 in Newbury.

William[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]), born 1733 in Newbury.

Benjamin[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]), born 1721 in Newbury.

This Benjamin went to Falmouth to join his brother Enoch between the years 1755 and 1757.

In the "Expedition to Louisburg and Crown Point 1756" were the men from Newbury and Salisbury:

Henry[5] (Samuel[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]), born 1730 in Salisbury.

Daniel[5] (William[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]), born 1731 in Salisbury.

(Daniel[3], the oldest child of Caleb, settled in Salisbury.)

In the "Expedition to Louisburg and Crown Point 1755" were the following Moodys, among men from Newbury and Salisbury:

John[5] (John[4-3], Samuel[2]), born 1731 in Newbury.

William[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]), born 1733 in Newbury.

In the Expedition of 1758 were, among men from Newbury and Salisbury, Joseph Moody and John Moody.

This Joseph's parentage is unknown. Possibly he was a brother of Elisha of Haverhill and another son of Joseph and Judith (Kelly) Moody of Newbury.

John may have been the same John as in the expedition of 1756 or John[5] (Samuel[4-3-2]), born in Newbury October 14, 1740, and previously mentioned as a proprietor in 1762 with David March of Haverhill. He was a Sergt. in 1759, the year following this expedition.

In the "Expedition, Louisburg to Quebec, under Gen. Wolfe 1759" were:

Sergt. John Moody[5] (Samuel[4-3-2]), born 1740 in Newbury.

Thomas Moody[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]), born 1737 in Newbury.

It will be remembered that in the night previous to taking Quebec, as the boats made their way quietly along the St. Lawrence, Gen. Wolfe is said to have remarked that he would prefer to have been the author of Thomas Gray's Elegy (written not long before) than to be the victor in tomorrow's battle.

Did these rustics around him, gathered from the scattered settlements along that barren New England coast, put him in mind of Gray's words?

Let not Ambition mock their useful toil,
Their homely joys, and destiny obscure;
Nor Grandeur hear with a disdainful smile
The short and simple annals of the Poor.

Far from the madding crowds ignoble strife
Their sober wishes never learn'd to stray;
Along the cool sequester'd vale of life
They kept the noiseless tenour of their way.

The History of Pelham, Mass., mentions Capt. Samuel Moody's Company in 1755. This was Samuel[5] (Samuel[4-3-2], John[1]) of Granby, Mass., born in 1730. There are no records to show that other Moodys of Western Massachusetts and Connecticut, descendants of John of Hartford, took part in the early Indian wars. Probably this section was not greatly affected.

It was between the fifth and sixth Indian wars that the calendar was changed. Previous to 1752 the calendar year ended March 25. Birth records, etc., previous to that year which occurred between January 1 and March 25 are given with two consecutive years, one referring to the old calendar, the other to the new.

THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR

Considering first what is now the state of Maine, but at the time of the Revolution was a part of Massachusetts, there were here the following soldiers of the Moody family:

BUXTON in 1777

James Moody, parentage unknown.

CAMDEN in 1779

Richard Moody. Assumed to be a son of Clement[5] (Clement[4-3]).

FALMOUTH

Capt. Joshua Moody[5] (Samuel[4-3], Joshua[2]) born 1733 in Falmouth.

Sgt. William Moody 2nd[5] (Samuel[4-3], Joshua[2]) born 1740 in Falmouth.

Enoch[5] (Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1751 in Falmouth.

Benjamin[5] (Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1753 in Falmouth.

William[5] (Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1756 in Falmouth. "Drummer."

Nathaniel[5] (Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]), born 1758 in Falmouth.

William, Shipwright in 1777, assumed son of Samuel[4], (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).

Benjamin[5], Shipwright in 1777, (Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born in Newbury in 1739.

KITTERY in 1778

George[5] (Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1735 in Kittery.

LINCOLN

John. Assumed to be John[6] (Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1755 in Scarboro.

PENOBSCOT

John. Assumed to be John[6] as in Lincoln.

POWNELSBORO

John. Assumed to be John[6] as in Lincoln.

SACO in 1778 and 1779

George[6] (George[5], Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1761 in Kittery.

William[5] (Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1741 in Kittery.

SANFORD

Joseph[6] (Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born 1760.

SCARBORO

Pierce[6] (Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1748 in Scarboro.

Joel[6] (Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1750 in Scarboro.

Daniel[7] (Daniel[6], Joseph[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) born 1758. Served 6 days, 1775.

In New Hampshire the following Moodys were Revolutionary War soldiers:

Capt. John[5] (David[4], Clement[3]) born 1739, settled Gilmanton 1764.

Daniel[5] (David[4], Clement[3]) of Raymond, born before 1735.

Samuel[5] (Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1776 of Exeter, born 1732 in Brentwood.

Josiah[5] (Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1777 of Unity, born 1746 in Brentwood.

Daniel[5] (Philip[4], Clement[3]) 1777 of Unity, born before 1727 in Kingston.

Elisha[6] (John[5-4], Clement[3]) 1776 of Concord.

Jonathan[6] (Jonathan[5-4], Clement[3]) of Brentwood.

Richard[6] (Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]) 1777 of Unity.

Clement[6] (Clement[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1775, born 1747.

Corp. Josiah[6] (Clement[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1775.

Levi[6] (Daniel[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1780 for West Point Defense. Born in Raymond 1761. Drowned in N. Y. 1782.

Edward in 1775, of Epping, "Husbandman."

Abner in 1775, of Epping, "Husbandman."

James of Newmarket.

John of Newmarket.

Thomas.

No Moodys are to be found in the Revolutionary War Roll of Vermont.

The Moodys of Massachusetts in the Revolutionary War were:

AMESBURY

Clement[6] (Clement[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) enlisted June 25, 1778, ae 31.
Joseph[5] (Joseph[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) born in Amesbury 1745.

AMHERST

Corp. Joel[5] (John[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) born in Hadley 1743.
Jonathan Jr.[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) born in Hadley 1734.
Lemuel[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) born in Hadley 1739.
Eldad[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) born in Hadley 1746.
Medad[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) born in Hadley 1746.
Perez[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) born in Hadley 1749.
Jonathan[5] (Daniel[4], Ebenezer[3]).

BELCHERTOWN

Elijah[5] (Ebenezer[4-3]) born 1739.
Mathew[5] (Ebenezer[4-3]) born 1749.

BERKSHIRE CO.

Philip[6] (Jonathan[5], Daniel[4], Ebenezer[3]) Regt. raised in Berkshire Co.

GLOUCESTER

Ebenezer[5] (Moses[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) born 1757 in Newbury.

GRANBY

Elisha[5] (Samuel[4-3]) born 1738 in Hadley.
Reuben[5] (Samuel[4-3]) born 1740 in Hadley.
John[5] (John[4], Samuel[3]) born 1734 in Hadley. 2nd Lieut.
John[5] (Nathaniel[4], Samuel[3]) born 1736 in Hadley.
Gideon[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4-3]) born 1765 in Hadley.

HADLEY

Simeon[5] (Samuel[4-3]) born 1747 in Hadley.
Enos[5] (Samuel[4-3]) born 1753 in Hadley.
Asahel[5] (onathan[4], Samuel[3]) born 1736 in Hadley.
Ebenezer[5] (Ebenezer[4], Ebenezer[3]) born 1744 in Hadley. Sgt. in 1777.
Seth[5] (oseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) born 1752 in Hadley.
Daniel[5] (Joseph[4], Ebeenzer[3]) born 1755 in Hadley. Listed as Daniel 2nd.
Josiah[5] (Josiah[4], Ebenezer[3]) born 1748 in Hadley.

HAMPSHIRE CO.

Samuel[5] (Samuel[4-3]) born 1730. Roll sworn to in 1777.
John, as under Granby (born 1734 in Hadley).
Ebenezer, Daniel and Josiah as under Hadley.

HAVERHILL

Humphrey[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) born 1738 in Newbury.
Benjamin[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) born 1743 in Newbury.
Moses[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) born 1752 in Newbury.

Nathaniel[6] (Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) born 1760 in Haverhill.

IPSWICH

Joseph. Among those engaged for Ipswich.

METHUEN

Nathaniel. Residence Methuen. Reported killed Sept. 19, 1777.

NEWBURY

Paul[5] (Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) born 1742 in Newbury. Capt.

Moses[5] (Moses[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) born 1745 in Newbury. Corp.

Benjamin. Six weeks service in 1777. Possibly the Haverhill soldier.

Joshua[5] (Caleb[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) born 1728 in Newbury.

John[5] (Oliver[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) born 1743 in Newbury.

Samuel[5] (Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1737 in Newbury.

George, with Capt. Richards in 1778.

James.

NEWBURYPORT

Samuel[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]) born 1731 in Newbury. Lieut. Col.

Nicholas[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]) born 1757 in Newbury. Half brother of Samuel.

Moses S.[6] (Caleb[5-4-3-2]) born 1757 in Newbury.

Enoch[5] (Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) born 1755 in Newbury.

Lieut. Montgomery Moody in Capt. Richard Titcomb's Co.

Lieut. John Moody (Service at Newburyport). Possibly John, under Newbury.

PETERSHAM

Daniel in 1778. Possibly Daniel of Royalston.

ROYALSTON

Daniel in 1775. Assumed to be Daniel[5] (Caleb[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) born 1730 in Newbury.

John, son of Daniel, born 1760 in Sutton, Mass.

SALISBURY

Daniel[5] (William[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) born 1730 in Salisbury.

Samuel[5] (Samuel[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) born 1742 in Salisbury.

SPRINGFIELD

George, age 18, in list returned at Springfield.

The Moodys of Connecticut in the Revolutionary War were:

Samuel[5] (Samuel[4], John[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) born 1751 West Hartford.

John[5] (Samuel[4], John[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) born 1756 West Hartford. Missing after the battle of Long Island.

Zimri[5] (Ebenezer[4], John[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) born 1736 Farmington.

Gideon[6] (Zimri[5]) born 1764 Woodbury. "Drummer."

Lieut. James, in Capt. George Markham's Co. Sept. 1781.

Pikeall, in Capt. Edward Mott's Co. of Preston.

Pero, in Capt. Edward Mott's Co. of Preston.

The last two Connecticut Moodys, those of Preston, were negroes. In the vital records of Preston the name Pikeall is spelled Pickle, "a

negro of Capt. Walley of Preston.' The record says Pickle married Abigail Walley of Stonington Nov. 4, 1771, and had eight children. Pero is shown as having one son.

SHAY'S REBELLION

If the Moodys in the Hartford line were not greatly involved in the early Indian wars they had no competition from the Newbury Moodys as participants in Shay's Rebellion.

This uprising in 1786-87 was largely confined to the western counties of Massachusetts, although disaffection spread as far east as Middlesex.

It was a protest against the high taxes levied on the farming districts for the support of an expensive State government following the Revolution, and the practice of confining in jail whoever was unable to pay whatever taxes were assessed.

The Moodys from John of Hartford, living in this section, who took part in this rebellion were:

Elisha[5] (Samuel[4-3]) 1738-1825 Granby.
Joel[5] (Samuel[4-3]) 1743-1824 Amherst.
Nathaniel. Assumed son of Nathaniel[4] (Samuel[3]).
William. Assumed son of Nathaniel[4] (Samuel[3]).
Jonathan[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1734-1804 Amherst.
Lemuel[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1739-1818 Amherst.
Medad[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1746-1813 Amherst.
Noah[5] (Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) 1742-1812, in a Northampton Co.
Silas[6] (Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1763-1814 Amherst.

THE FIRST U. S. CENSUS (1790)

Up to 1759, when the last Indian war ended, practically all settlements were near the coast in Maine and New Hampshire. Travel from Portsmouth eastward was along the beach, wherever possible, and Brunswick was about the end of the line.

Freedom from the fear of Indian raids caused settlements to spring up rapidly in the wilderness section of Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, and it is interesting to note the Moodys found in these backwoods settlements in 1790, seven years after the Revolution.

In the following list three figures follow the name of the head of the family. The first indicates the number of males in the family over 16 years

of age including the father, the second is the number of males under 16 years of age and the third is the number of females including the mother.

Beginning with Maine there were Moodys in the following towns:

SHAPLEIGH

Joseph[6] (Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born 1760, (1-2-2). He settled in Shapleigh, from Waterboro, in 1782, married Bridget Davis there, in 1783, and remained until 1797. The two sons of the census were: Daniel 1785 and Joseph 1789. The daughter was Hannah 1787.

LEBANON

John[6] (Thomas[5], Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) born 1763, (1-0-4). He settled in Lebanon from York in 1786 with his wife, Lucy Langdon. Two of the daughters of the census were Hannah 1784 and Mary 1789. John's father, Thomas, has been previously mentioned as one of the proprietors residing in York.

SANFORD

Samuel[6] (Clement[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) (1-1-2). He settled from Waterboro.

WATERBORO

Clement[6] (Clement[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born 1747 in Brentwood, N. H. (2-2-4). He was the Revolutionary War soldier who enlisted in Amesbury, Mass., in 1778. His father, Clement, settled in Waterboro after 1764, at which time he was living in Brentwood.

STANDISH

James[5] (Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (2-3-5). Standish was incorporated from the Plantation of Pearsontown in 1785. James was town warden in 1786. He was on the poll tax list in Falmouth in 1766 and married Elizabeth Shaw in 1769, as recorded in the vital records of Gorham which record says that she was from Pearsontown. His four sons of the census were: Samuel 1772, David 1775, William 1777 and Enoch 1787. His father was an older brother of the Enoch who settled in Falmouth in 1738.

Joshua[5] (Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (1-1-1). He also was on the poll tax list in Falmouth in 1766 and the Gorham vital records show that he married Mary Carsley in 1769, three months after the marriage of his brother James. His son of the census was Daniel, born 1775.

GRAY

Daniel[7] (Daniel[6], Joseph[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) born in Scarboro 1758 (1-3-2). He married Lucy Small of Gray in 1780 and had Moses 1781 who was known in Scarboro as Maj. Moses.

A cousin of this Daniel, Joseph, son of Joseph[6], was born in 1763 and died in Limington, Me., 1809. Evidently the census didn't catch up with him. A comparison of Joseph and Elizabeth (Plaisted) Moody's gravestones in Limington with that of Hannah (Sewell) Moody's in York, Rev. Samuel's first wife, causes one to believe that gravestone inscriptions, one hundred or more years ago, were somewhat standardizd.

The inscription in York is as follows:

Mrs. Hannah Moody
Consort of the Revd Mr. Samuell Moody
An early and thorough convert, eminent for holiness, prayerfulness, watchfulness, zeal, prudence, sincerity, meekness, patience, weanedness from the world, self-denial, public spiritedness, diligence, faithfulness, and charity, departed
this life in sweet assurance of a better.
July 29, 1727-8
aged 51
Follow them who through faith and patience inherit the promises.

The inscriptions in Limington:

Joseph Moody
was born in Scarboro
Sept. 2, 1763
came to this town 1796
died here July 28, 1809
Follow them, who through
faith and patience
inherit the promises.

Elizabeth Moody
wife of Joseph Moody
was born in Scarboro
June 4, 1765
A thorough convert
eminent for Holiness,
watchfulness, and
prayerfulness, departed
this life in sweet assurance
of a better. Jan. 3, 1843
Ae 78 yrs.

This Joseph and Elizabeth of Limington, bring to mind two trials in the life of those early days which are now almost forgotten, or perhaps, more properly, in the death of those days.

They had thirteen children. Their tenth child, Barbara, died in 1822 ae 21. All night, after the funeral, the mother was haunted with the belief that Barbara had been buried alive and at daybreak had her sons open the grave, only to find that the body had been stolen during the night.

In Rhode Island Vital Records, Vol. 18, is an item from Providence Phenix of Oct. 18, 1826, giving an account of the death of Samuel Moody who was drowned at Woodbury, Pa. He was prepared for the grave when he came to life, but swooned and died a little later.

The dread of being buried alive was very real in those days and grave robbing was not too unusual.

An interesting item in Vol. 17, of the Rhode Island records, mentioned above, though not about one of the Moodys of America, is from the Providence Phenix of Sept. 9, 1809, giving an account of a Mrs. Mary Moodey who married John Cooper, near Chemsford, England. She was

twice a bride, once a widow and the mother of twins, all within twelve months.

That should be a record of some kind.

PITTSTON

Scribner[6] (Clement[5]-[4]-[3]) (1-1-4). He settled in Pittston after 1766, at which time he was living in Poplin, N. H. Poplin was set off from Brentwood in 1764. It is now Fremont. His son of the census was William 1778 and the three daughters were: Mary, Abigail and Ruth, four of the younger of his eight children.

Jeremiah[7] (Scribner[6], Clement[5]-[4]-[3]) born 1761 in Brentwood (1-1-2). The son of the census was John 1787 and the daughter was Sarah 1789.

WALES PLANTATION

Rev. Gilmore[5] (David[4], Clement[3]) born about 1750 in Kingston, N. H. (1-5-3). Four of the five sons of the census were: David 1779, John 1780, Levi 1785 and Dudley 1789. The daughters were: Mary 1783 and Sarah 1788. He was a Methodist Preacher in Gorham, Me., from 1803 to 1833. His wife, Anne James (1757-1838), was from Belmont, N. H., which was set off in 1757 from Gilmanton, where Gilman's brother, Capt. John, settled.

DEER ISLE

Moses[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3]-[2]) born 1752 in Newbury, Mass. (2-2-2). He was a Revolutionary War soldier of Haverhill. His children are unknown.

CANAAN

William[7] (Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5]-[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) born in York 1766. (1-2-1). "He came to Canaan not long after the arrival of the first settlers."—*History of Lincolnville.* He married Patience Thorndyke of Camden, in 1786, and had eleven known children. One of the two sons of the census was Robert 1788.

In New Hampshire, the Moodys of the new settlements were:

WAKEFIELD

Samuel[5] (Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born 1732 in Brentwood, N. H. (1-1-3). He lived for a time in Waterboro, Me., then moved to Wakefield. He sold his property in Wakefield in 1795 and settled in Industry, Me., in 1797. He had eight children, the last being Samuel 1782, the son under sixteen of the census. The two daughters of the census were: Esther 1770 and Sarah 1777.

TUFTONBORO

Edward (1-2-3).

Abner (1-1-2).

These were the two Revolutionary War soldiers of Epping, N. H. One of Edward's sons of the census was Edward who married Mehitable Brown, in Tuftonboro, in 1797. No record can be found to prove the parentage of these men. It is thought that they were brothers to each other

and brothers of James and John, the Revolutionary War soldiers from Newmarket, N. H.

Mention has been made of the Indian War soldier, Thomas[4] (Thomas[3], Caleb[2]). He had a brother two years younger, Rev. John Moody of Newmarket. It is thought that all four men, Edward, Abner, James and John, were sons of Rev. John (1705-1778). He graduated from Harvard in 1727, was ordained in Newmarket in 1730 and preached there until his death. His only known child was Mary, born in 1731. The early town records of Newmarket were lost in a fire.

Thomas, brother of Rev. John, had a son Abner, born in 1744, who lived but three months. There was a James Moody on the tax list in Epping in 1774 and in 1782 in Epping, the tax of Abner Moody was abated "he being absent." A James Moody had a son Abner born in Ossipee in 1804.

Abner, of the census, married in 1782 Martha Whicher of Lexington, Mass., near Cambridge where Rev. John attended Harvard. Sons of Abner: Lorenzo Dow Moody and Abner Jackson Moody, settled in Natick, Mass., about twelve miles north of Walpole, where Paul Moody lived. Paul was a son of Caleb Moody, another brother of Rev. John of Newmarket.

All of these items add up to cause the suspicion that the four men mentioned were sons of Rev. John Moody of Newmarket. They are not of the six children of his brother Ezra 1693, the eleven children of his brother Caleb 1697, the fifteen children of his brother Oliver 1701, the eleven children of his brother Thomas 1704 or the ten children of his brother William 1709, all recorded in Newbury.

The Abner Moody homestead stands today on the site where he is said to have built his first cabin about 1788, and is very near the junction of the town lines of Tuftonboro, Ossipee and Wolfeboro. but in the town of Wolfeboro.

He was in the Tuftonboro census of 1790 but his name does not appear with Edward's among the petitioners for incorporation of the town of Tuftonboro in 1794.

The story has been handed down in the Abner line that he had a sister Betsey who married a Sanborn and that he had a daughter Elizabeth who was a twin of his son, Joseph Whicher Moody (1795-1863).

Joseph, the son, had thirteen children but only two male grandchildren, neither of which had a son and both are now dead. The Moody line from Abner is therefore ended, unless the unknown son of the 1790 census, then under sixteen years of age, had a son or sons who are carrying on the name. Family tradition says that Abner did have a son who went to New York State.

GILMANTON

Capt. John Moody[5] (David[4], Clement[3]) born 1739 in Kingston, N. H. (3-2-3). He was the Revolutionary War soldier of Gilmanton. The four sons of the census were: Capt. John 1766, Elisha 1773, David 1778 and

Peter 1784. His two daughters of the census were: Dolly 1770 and Abigail 1776.

Capt. John settled in Gilmanton in 1764 when "the nearest neighbor was five miles on the south and none 'nigher' than Canada on the north." He was married three times and had seven children, all by his first wife, Abigail Swett. He died in Gilmanton in 1829. His great granddaughter, Arbella (Moody) Knowles, owned the homestead in Gilmanton at the time of her death in 1942. She lived there with her unmarried son, George F. M. Knowles. Her daughter, Betsey Moody (Knowles) Sawyer, of Laconia, had in her possession in 1944, the compass once used by Capt. John, which she was then intending to add to the D. A. R. relics on exhibition in the Laconia library.

UNITY

Josiah Jr.[5] (Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born 1746 in Exeter (1-4-3). He settled in Unity from Brentwood which was set off from Exeter in 1747. He married Abigail Clifford in Unity in 1778. Two of the four sons of the census were: Laurin 1785 and Aurin 1787. The two daughters were: Sarah 1780 and Nancy 1782, both born in Epping.

Daniel[5] (Philip[4], Clement[3]) baptized in Kingston in 1727 (2-1-3). He married Mary Glidden in 1752. One of the two sons of the census was his youngest known son, Israel, 1774.

Richard[6] (Daniel [5], Philip[4], Clement[3]) (1-3-3). He married in 1772 Dorothy Smith of Poplin, now Fremont. His children are not known. He is said to have moved to Danville, N. H.

Josiah[6] (Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]). (1-3-4). He was called Josiah 2nd. His three sons of the census were: Elias, Josiah 1784 and John. His three daughters were: Eunice, Polly and Betsey.

Josiah Jr., Daniel and his son Richard were the Reolutionary War soldiers of Unity in 1777.

OSSIPEE

Jonathan[5] (Josiah[4], Clement[3]) born in Brentwood in 1751 (1-4-3). His four sons of the census were: Gordan 1773, Jonathan, Clement 1782 and Benjamin 1788. One of the daughters was Abigail. Before moving to Ossipee, Jonathan settled in Shapleigh, Me., in 1778, where his nephew, Joseph from Waterboro, settled in 1782.

BOSCAWEN

Ebenezer[5] (John[4]-[3], Samuel[2]) born in Newbury in 1754 (1-2-2). The two sons of the census were: Moses 1786 and Samuel 1789.

The Vermont Moodys in the 1790 census were:

BETHEL

John Moody (3-1-3). He was the John, son of Daniel and Rebeckah (Lyon) Moody, born June 18, 1760, as shown in the vital records of Sutton, Mass. These records give the marriage of "Daniel Moody of Worcester" and Rebeckah Lyon Oct. 6, 1757. Daniel later appears in the vital

records of Royalston, Mass., and both Daniel and his son John were Revolutionary War soldiers from Royalston.

Daniel is said to have been the earliest Moody of record in the state of Vermont. John's marriage to Hannah Copeland, in 1783, is recorded in Royalston and the birth of his son David in 1785, but the birth of his second child, Betsey in 1787, is in the Bethel vital records with the birth records of seven additional children.

"Daniel of Worcester" is assumed to be Daniel[5] (Caleb[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) born in Newbury June 22, 1730, though this is not definitely proven. As previously mentioned Paul Moody, brother of this Daniel, settled in Walpole, in that section of the state southwest of Boston.

In the Hartford line of Moodys, there was Capt. Daniel Moody[5] 2nd (Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) born 1755 and in the Revolutionary War from Hadley, who had an uncle Daniel 1715-1792. This Daniel 2nd was too young to have been the Daniel of the Sutton records who had a son John born in 1760, and there would not have been an older Daniel in Hadley, other than his uncle, or he would not have been listed as Daniel 2nd. As for the uncle, he married Mary Morgan and she lived until 1786.

TUNBRIDGE

John (3-1-4). This John is assumed to have been the son of John[5] (John[4], Clement[3]) who witnessed a will in Exeter. John[4] died in Exeter in 1730. There is, in Tunbridge, the grave of Sarah Moody who died Feb. 14, 1823, ae 82 years, 6 days, and so was born in 1741. She was probably the wife of this John of the census.

STRAFFORD

Elisha (2-2-6). This was probably another son of the above mentioned John[5] of Exeter who had a brother named Joseph. One of Elisha's sons was Joseph, born 1779. *Genealogical History of Vermont,* by Carleton, says that Elisha settled in Corinth, Vt., and "had two sons, Joseph and Elisha, and several daughters."

He was the Revolutionary War soldier of Concord, N. H., and probably the older son of the census, over 16 years old in 1790, was the William Moody of Concord in the War of 1812-14.

Joseph, son of Elisha, married Avis Chesley (1782-1848), and "settled in Waterbury from Vershire in 1834" (*History of Waterbury*). They had six sons and three daughters, most of whom are buried in Waterbury with many of their grandchildren.

Clement (1-3-4). He is believed to be Ezra Clement, son of Jonathan Clement[6] who moved from Hampstead, N. H., to Weare, N. H., in 1764, with his son, Ezra Clement. There was a Clement Moody, born in Hampstead, who married in Vershire, Vt., in 1805. It therefore seems probable that Ezra Clement went back to Hampstead, lived there for a time, and moved to Strafford, Vt., sometime before 1790 and the Clement born in Hampstead was one of the sons of the census. There is a Thetford, Vt., record in Montpelier which says an Ezra had a son born in 1784. Strafford

adjoins Thetford on the west, Vershire on the south and Tunbridge on the east.

The Moodys, in the 1790 census, mentioned at some length in the above, are only those found out on the New England frontier soon after the Revolution, where plenty of courage was required and long hours of toil, many times on short rations when the fall harvest was a disappointment for one reason or another.

Back in the older settlements the Moodys in the 1790 census were as follows:

BATH, ME.
Samuel[6] (Samuel[5-4-3], Joshua[2]) (3-4-6).

BRISTOL ME.
Amos[6] (Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) (1-4-4).
John[6] (Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) (1-1-3).
Richard[7] (Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]) (1-1-1).

FALMOUTH, ME.
Dorcas (0-2-4). Widow of Houchin[5], (Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]).
Josiah[6] (Houchin[5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]) (1-0-7).
Benjamin[5] (Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (3-1-7).

PORTLAND, ME.
Nathaniel[5] (Samuel[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]) (4-0-3).
Benjamin (2-1-2).
William[5] (Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]) (2-1-2).

SCARBORO, ME.
Robert[6] (Joseph[5], Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) (1-0-0).
Joseph[6] (Joseph[5], Daniel[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) (2-2-4).
Widow Moody (0-1-4).
Mary Moody (1-1-4).

PEPPERRILLBOROUGH, ME. (Now Saco)
Elizabeth. Widow of William[5] (Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]). (2-4-2).
George[6] (George[5], Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (1-0-2).

ARUNDEL, ME. (Now Kennebunkport)
Rev. Silas[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]) (1-5-4).

YORK, ME.
Ebenezer[7] (William[6], Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) (1-2-3).
Joseph[5] (Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) (4-2-3).
Thomas[5] (Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) (2-2-2).

NEWBURY, MASS.
Enoch[5] (Moses[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) (1-2-4).
Cutting[5] (Moses[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) (1-4-1).
William[5] (Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) (3-3-4).
Paul, Capt.[5] (Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) (4-5-4).
William[5] (William[4], Samuel[3], Samuel[2]) (2-3-5).
Caleb[5] (Caleb[4-3-2]) (3-2-4).

Elizabeth (0-2-3).
Samuel (1-1-1).
Moses (1-0-4).

NEWBURYPORT, MASS.
Benjamin[4] (Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (2-0-3).
Jacob[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3], Caleb[2]) (2-2-1).
David[5] (Thomas[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) (3-1-3).
Moses[5] (William[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) (1-1-2).
Joseph[6] (Joshua[5], Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (1-0-1).
Cutting (2-1-3).
Sarah (0-0-1).
Judith (0-0-1).

SALISBURY, MASS.
Samuel[5] (Samuel[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) (1-3-3).
Henry[5] (Samuel[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) (1-1-2).
Daniel[5] (William[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) (1-0-4).
T. William[5] (William[4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) (1-3-3).

AMESBURY, MASS.
Joseph[5] (Joseph[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) (2-4-4).
Cutting[5] (Joseph[4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2]) (1-1-3).
Thomas (1-0-2).

HAVERHILL, MASS.
Humphrey[5] (Benjamin[4], Caleb[3], Caleb[2]) (2-2-3).
Moses[6] (Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) (1-1-2).

BOSTON, MASS.
Nathaniel G. (1-2-4).
William (1-2-2).
Mrs. Moody (0-0-1).

EGREMONT, MASS.
Nathaniel P.[6] (Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) (1-1-1).

SOUTH HADLEY, MASS.
Ebenezer[5] (Ebenezer[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (3-4-2).
Noah[5] (Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (2-1-5).
Daniel[5] (Daniel[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (3-2-2).
Joseph[5] (Daniel[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (3-1-5).
Josiah[5] (Josiah[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (3-1-7).
Joseph Jr. (3-1-2).
David (1-1-5).

AMHERST, MASS.
Jonathan[5] (Daniel[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (2-3-4).
Asahel[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (2-4-2).
Jonathan[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (2-4-3).
Lemuel[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (3-0-2).
Eldad[5] (Jonathan[4], Samuel[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) (1-0-1).

Silas[6] (Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (1-0-1).

GRANBY, MASS.

Samuel[5] (Samuel[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (2-3-3).
Elisha[5] (Samuel[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (2-2-6).
Reuben[5] (Samuel[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (2-0-1).
John[5] (John[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (1-1-1).
Aaron[5] (John[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) (2-3-5).
Amos (3-2-2).
Gideon[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4-3-2], John[1]) (1-1-2).

GRANVILLE

Oliver (2-1-2).

BRENTWOOD, N. H.

Jonathan[7] (Jonathan[6-5-4], Clement[3]) (1-0-2).

NOTTINGHAM, N. H.

Friend (1-1-2).

RAYMOND, N. H.

Daniel[5] (David[4], Clement[3]) (1-3-3).
Clement[6] (Daniel[5], David[4], Clement[3]) (1-1-1).
Clement Jr. (1-0-2).

Rev. Silas Moody, listed in the foregoing census of Arundel, Me., was born in 1742 and died in 1816. He graduated from Harvard in 1761 and accepted a call to Arundel in 1771 at a salary of $207.00 per year and a gratuity of $466.00 toward building a home.

He preached there for 45 years until his death. He had seven sons and five daughters. Two sons died young and two never married. One daughter died young and three did not marry. His son Silas was the grandfather of Hon. William A. Moody of Bowdoin College.

Paul Moody of the Newbury census was the great grandfather of U. S. Justice William H. Moody of Byfield (1853-1897), through William[6] 1781 and Henry Lord Moody[7] 1821, whose wife was Melissa Emerson. William H. did not marry.

Elisha of the Granby census named his seventh child Finis, a daughter. In spite of his evident intention at the time, she was followed by three more children. So they made resolutions in vain even in those days, 1776. The census credits him with but eight children. One child died in infancy and another at the age of three.

OTHER EARLY MOODY SETTLERS ON THE NEW ENGLAND FRONTIER

Of the Newbury line, Nicholas Moody[5] (William[4], Samuel[3-2]) 1753-1821, of Newbury, married Phebe Knight and settled in Boscawen, N. H., possibly after 1790, as he was not listed in the Boscawen census with Ebenezer. His nephews, Daniel 1774 and Ebenezer 1783, sons of his brother William, also settled in Boscawen.

This nephew, Ebenezer, was the grandfather of Moody Boynton of Newbury, the well known inventor of several years ago. He spent many years in an attempt to promote a monorail railroad using the gyroscope principle for balance as is now used in the aeroplane. Perhaps he acquired equal notoriety when he took his second plunge into matrimony at the age of 81 with a bride of 40.

Another nephew of Nicholas, William 1766, son of his brother Samuel, married Sarah Kimball in 1787 and settled in Canterbury, N. H., two or three miles from Boscawen, in Feb. 1794, where he died in November of the same year.

Samuel, Nathaniel and William, sons of Capt. Paul of the Newbury census, all settled in Hallowell, Me. Samuel 1765-1832 graduated from Dartmouth in 1790 and was the Principal of Atkinson Academy in Hallowell.

Josiah of the Falmouth census left Falmouth soon after 1790 and migrated, first to Danville, Me., then to Paris, Me., and finally to Woodstock, Me., where he died.

William Moody 1768-1846, cousin of Josiah and son of William, lived for a time in Pejepscot, Me., near Brunswick, but settled in Danville, Me., soon after 1807.

Benjamin 1762-1856, son of Humphrey of the Haverhill census, married Abigail George in 1789 and settled in Landaff, N. H., before 1795. His brother, Jacob 1768-1859, settled in Landaff before 1794 but soon after 1798 he moved to Searsmont, Me., which is not far from Deer Isle, where his uncle Moses lived in 1790, as shown by the Deer Isle census.

Another brother, Bradstreet Moody 1770-1835, settled in Sanbornton, N. H., in 1790 and married Edna Gale in 1792.

This family either didn't like Haverhill or had an irresistible urge to go places. The oldest brother, Nathaniel Peasley Moody 1760-1832, of the Egremont, Mass., census, took off for Pennsylvania in 1795.

William 1772, the youngest brother, graduated from Harvard in 1798, married Harriet Brooks in Portland in 1803 and moved to Baltimore in 1816. He was the Principal of Baltimore's first female seminary.

Of the six brothers of this family only Moses 1765-1833 remained in Haverhill, but his first child, James 1785-1871, found a wild spot in Lincoln, Vt., where he settled with his brother-in-law, Edmund Whittier 1787-1872, who married his sister Abigail Peasley Moody in 1807. James married Abigail Wadley in 1810 and had eleven children.

Incidentally the poet, John Greenleaf Whittier, was born in Haverhill in 1807 and lived there many years. The homestead was sold in 1832 when the family moved to Amesbury. It now stands in Haverhill, furnished as in Whittier's boyhood, held by trustees and open to the public. It would be interesting to learn if Edmund Whittier were a brother of the poet's father, John Whittier.

In the Hartford line, Jeremy Moody, one of the sons of Jonathan, Jr., of the Amherst census and 21 years old in 1790, married Betsey Dickerson in 1799 and settled in Weybridge, Vt.

Rev. Eli Moody, 1789-1878, married Chrissa Kinsley in 1818 and also settled in Weybridge. He was one of the sons of Aaron of the Granby census. He remained in Weybridge five years, then moved to Northfield, Mass., the birthplace of Dwight L. Moody[8] (Edwin[7], Isaiah[6], Noah[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) 1837-1899. After three years Rev. Eli returned to Granby and later represented his native town in the State Legislature. He finally settled in Montague, Mass., where he is buried.

Rev. Eli is reputed to have been quite humorous and his face was adorned with a very generous nose. The story is told today in Montague of a church supper where a lady, across the table, called Mr. Moody's attention to a fly on his nose. His reply was: "You brush it off, its nearer to you than it is to me."

Oliver Moody 1778-1850, a cousin of Jeremy and one of the sons of Asahel of the Amherst census, married Betsey Lawrence and settled early in Bristol, Vt.

In the Clement of Exeter line Clement Moody 1774-1813, son of Clement of the Waterboro, Me., census, married Mehitable Scribner Jan. 1, 1794, and settled in Stowe, Vt., April 17 of the same year. What a fine honeymoon trip that turned out to be for Mehitable! He was the second settler to Stowe, one day later than the first.

Biglow, in his history of Stowe, says of him: "He was the first to build a frame dwelling and spend the remainder of his life in Stowe." His parents probably joined him there later as they are both buried in Stowe.

Biglow's history mentions David Moody, elected constable in 1797, William Moody who enlisted in Stowe in 1800, and Daniel Moody, Justice of Peace in 1811. Perhaps two of these were the brothers indicated in the Waterboro census.

Clement of the Waterboro census and father of the Stowe settler had a brother Josiah, the New Hampshire Revolutionary War Corp. of 1775, who settled in Tuftonboro, N. H. His name appears on the petition for incorporation in 1794 with that of Edward Moody of the 1790 census of Tuftonboro.

Josiah's son, Oliver 1786-1856, settled in Stowe and died there. Biglow says of him: "Oliver Moody was selling in 1813 the first cotton cloth and yarn in a shanty which he had built."

Then there was Hannah Moody, one of the daughters of Capt. John of Gilmanton, N. H., census, who married John Weeks in 1786 and settled

in Canaan, Vt., in 1801, and her sister Abigail who married Samuel Weeks and also settled in Canaan.

Canaan must have been real pioneer country in 1801. It is plenty wild today not many miles north of Canaan.

THE WAR OF 1812-1814

This was principally a naval war which demonstrated the supremacy of the ship builders of Bath, Portland, Kennebunkport, Gloucester and the coastal towns of New England over those of the parent country.

The army raised in New England was mostly stationed at the forts along the coast and therefore was largely made up of men from Maine and Massachusetts.

The Moodys of Maine involved in this war were:

BELFAST

Sgt. Robert[8] (William[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5]-[4]-[3], Caleb[2]).
William[8] (William[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5]-[4]-[3], Caleb[2]).

CAPE ELIZABETH

Charles.

FALMOUTH

Jonathan[6] (Benjamin[5], Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
Samuel[6] (Benjamin[5], Stephen[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).

GORHAM

John.

LIMINGTON

Daniel[8] (Joseph[7]-[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]).
Simon[8] (Joseph[7]-[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]).

LINCOLNVILLE

Corp. Samuel.

LISBON

Sgt. Samuel.
Nathaniel.
Elias.

MINOT

Nathaniel.

MONMOUTH

Lieut. Dudley[6] (Gilman[5], David[4], Clement[3]).

NEWCASTLE

David.

NOBLEBORO

Sgt. Daniel[7] (Amos[6], Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).
Ezekiel[7] (Amos[6], Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).
John Jr.[7] (John[6], Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).
Richard[8] (Richard[7-6], Clement[5-4-3]).
David[8] (Richard[7-6], Clement[4-5-3]).

PARIS

Robert

PITTSTON

Jeremiah Jr.[8] (Jeremiah[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]).
John[8] (Jeremiah[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]).
Levi[8] (Jeremiah[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]).
William.

PORTLAND

Capt. Enoch[6] (William[5], Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
William Jr.[6] (William[5], Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
John[6] (John[5-4-3], Samuel[2]).
Sgt. Lemuel Jr.
Samuel 2nd.

SACO

Enoch[6] (George[5], Edmund[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).

SCARBORO

Joseph[8] (John[7], Joseph[6-5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).
Rufus[8] (John[7], Joseph[6-5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).
John Jr.[8] (John[7], Joseph[6-5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).

STANDISH

Enoch[6] (James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
William[6] (James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
James Jr.[6] (James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).
Daniel[6] (Joshua[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]).

WALDOBORO

William[7] (Amos[6], Joshua[5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]).

WASHINGTON

John.

WESTBROOK

William.

WISCASSET

James.

YORK

Charles[7] (Samuel[6], Joseph[5-4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]).

The Moodys of Massachusetts in this war were:

BOSTON

Ensign David[6] (Paul[5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]).
Samuel.

NEWBURY
William[6] (Paul[5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]).
Charles[7] (Samuel[6], Caleb[5-4-3-2]).
NEWBURYPORT
Lieut. John[6] (Jacob[5], John [4-3], Samuel[2]).
SALEM
James.
BELCHERTOWN
Enos Jr.[6] (Enos[5], Samuel[4-3-2], John[1]).

In Connecticut the Moodys in this war were:
NEW LONDON
Luke.
Samuel.
Alpheus.

THE MIGRATION WESTWARD

While the inhabitants of the towns along the coast of Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts looked to the country to the north as their frontier and were making new settlements deep into the forests between their coast and Canada, the inhabitants of the towns along the Connecticut River, in western Massachusetts and Connecticut, considered the country to the west as their frontier.

It is only natural then that the Moodys in this locality, descendants of John of Hartford, should lead the movement of the Moody family into the country west of New England.

The construction of the Erie Canal in New York State, completed in 1825, and the subsequent traffic along the canal, is said to have drawn heavily on the population of many of the new settlements of New England west of the Connecticut River.

The following is a list of some of the early Moodys in the John of Hartford line known to have settled in the west.

Ebenezer[5] (Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1744 New Hartford, settled Bridgewater, N. Y., 1794.

Adonijah[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1787 Harwinton, Conn., settled Towanda, Pa.

Thomas[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1794 Harwinton, Conn., settled Trenton, Tenn.

John[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1796 Harwinton, Conn., settled Goldfield, North Carolina.

Albion[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1798 Harwinton, Conn., settled Dimock, Pa.

Lewis[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1800 Harwinton, Conn., settled Granville, Mich.

Samuel[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1804 Harwinton, Conn., settled Pennsylvania.

George[6] (Thomas[5], Samuel[4], John[3]) 1806 Harwinton, Conn., settled Alabama.

Noahdiah[6] (Zimri[5], Ebenezer[4], John[3]) 1767 Woodbury, Conn., settled Stillwater, N. Y.

Herman[6] (Zimri[5], Ebenezer[4], John[3]) 1767 Woodbury, Conn., settled Stillwater, N. Y.

Adonijah[6] (Ebenezer[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1771 New Hartford, Conn., settled Albany, N. Y.

Ebenezer[6] (Ebenezer[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1775 New Hartford, Conn., settled Rodman, N. Y.

Epaphras[6] (Ebenezer[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1775 New Hartford, Conn., settled in Rodman, N. Y.

Anson[6] (Ebenezer[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1778 New Hartford, Conn., settled Rodman, N. Y.

Zeviah[6] (Ebenezer[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1782 New Hartford, Conn., settled Rodman, N. Y.

Azor[6] (Elisha[5], Samuel[4-3]) 1778 Granby, Mass., settled Bainbridge, N. Y.

Thomas[6] (Simeon[5], Samuel[4-3]) 1778 Granby, Mass., settled Charlotte, N. Y.

Aaron[6] (Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3]) 1776 Amherst, Mass, settled Williamson, N. Y.

Cephas[6] (Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3]) 1772 Amherst, Mass., settled Williamson, N. Y., 1810.

Samuel[6] (Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1776 Amherst, Mass., settled Meridian, N. Y.

Levi[6] (Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1782 Amherst, Mass., settled Moriah, N. Y.

Medad[6] (Medad[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1774 Amherst, Mass., settled Canton, N. Y.

Eli[6] (Medad[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1780 Amherst, Mass., settled Canton, N. Y.

Moses[6] (Perez[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1774 Amherst, Mass., settled Masonville, N. Y.

Betsey[6] (Perez[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1776 Amherst, Mass., settled Masonville, N. Y.

Dr. Mathew[6] (Ebenezer[5-4-3]) 1786 Hadley, Mass., settled Poestenkill, N. Y.

Daniel[6] (Daniel[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) 1790 Hadley, Mass., settled Gallipolis, Ohio.

Harry O. H.[7] (Anson[6], Eben[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1802 Rodman, N. Y., to Pulaski Village, N. Y.

Seymour Baxter[7] (Anson[6], Eben[5], Adonijah[4], John[3]) 1810 Rodman, N. Y., to Springfield, Ill.

Warren[7] (Enos[6-5], Samuel[4-3]) 1819 Granby, Mass., settled California.

David[7] (David[6], Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1810 Amherst, Mass., settled Starkville, Miss.

Ira[7] (Ethan[6], Oliver[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1795 Sandersfield, Mass., settled Princeville, Ill.

Phineas[7] (Pliny[6], Ebenezer[5-4-3]) 1822 Hadley, Mass., settled Kirkland, O.

Porter[7] (Joseph[6], Noah[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) 1790 Hadley, Mass., settled Malone, N. Y.

Zenas Ferry[8] (Thomas[7], Gideon[6], Thomas[5], Samuel[4-3]) 1831 Granby, Mass., settled The Dalles, Ore., 1853.

Levi[8] (Silas[7-6], Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) 1818 Granby, Mass., settled Agency City, Ia.

Solan Dyer[8] (Asa[7], Oliver[6], Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3]) Bristol, Vt., settled Oskosh, Wis.

Calvin Priest[8] (Jacob[7-6], Noah[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) 1822 Northfield, Mass., settled in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Warren L.[8] (Edwin[7], Isaiah[6], Joseph[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) 1838 Northfield, Mass., settled Elmira, N. Y.

Henry Lewis[8] (Cyrus[7], Simeon[6], Seth[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3]) Greenfield, Mass., settled in Chicago.

Dwight Lyman[8] (brother of Warren L.) 1837 Northfield, settled in Chicago.

It is said that Seymour Baxter Moody moved to Springeld as early as 1835. Abraham Lincoln was born in 1809 and first elected to the Illinois state legislature in 1834. Seymour, no doubt, knew Lincoln or at least some of his stories.

Phineas Moody has written a very complete genealogy of this line down to the seventh generation which has not been published. It is now in the possession of the Aldrich family of Granby. Phineas' father, Pliny Moody, is said to have weighed over 300 pounds.

Porter Moody has been called "a pioneer settler of Malone, N. Y." He went there with his bride.

Zenas Ferry Moody was a merchant in The Dalles, Ore., and at one time was the Governor of the state of Oregon.

Levi Moody, who settled in Agency City, had a son, Seth Enoch Moody, now living in Idaho, who for many years collected data on Moody genealogy. His work has never been published.

Probably the most widely known member of the entire Moody family in America is the one time evangelist, Dwight Lyman Moody.

The following is a list of some of the early Moodys in the William of Newbury line known to have settled in the west:

Nathaniel Peasley[6] (Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1760 Haverhill, settled in Rome, Pa., 1795.

Dr. Bradstreet[7] (Bradstreet[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1801 Sanbornton, N. H., settled in Fredericksburg, Va.

Rev. Granville[7] (William[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1812 Portland, Me., settled first in Norwich, Ohio.

Theodore Lyman[7] (Joseph[6-5-4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) 1804 Kennebunk, Me., settled in Mobile, Ala.

John Horace[7] (Enoch[6], Paul[5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) 1831 Hallowell, Me., settled in Yonkers, N. Y.

David Jewett[7] (Paul[6-5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) 1803 Newbury, Mass., settled in Jacksonville, Ill.

William[7] (William[6], Samuel[5], William[4], Samuel[3-2]) 1793 Canterbury, N. H., settled in Baltimore, Md.

William[7] (Ebenezer[6], William[5-4], Samuel[3-2]) 1810 Boscawen, N. H., settled in Chatham, Ohio.

Samuel Franklin[7] (Charles[6], Samuel[5], Enoch[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1833 Portland, Me., settled in Newark, N. J.

Charles Dummer[8] (David[7], Paul[6-5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) 1836 Jacksonville, Ill., settled in St. Louis, Mo.

William Charles[8] (William[7-6], Paul[5], Samuel[4], William[3], Samuel[2]) Byfield, Mass., settled in Silver City, Idaho.

Sargent C.[8] (Nathaniel[7], Benjamin[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1824 Deering, N. H., settled in Beloit, Kan.

Dearborn[8] (brother of Sargent C.) 1834 Landaff, N. H., settled in Beloit.

Dr. George Owen[8] (John[7-6], Thomas[5], Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]) 1833 Lebanon, Me., settled in Titusville, Pa.

Orin[9] (Benjamin[8], Joseph[7-6-5], Daniel[4-3], Caleb[2]) 1828 Limington, Me., settled in Kansas.

Nathaniel Peasley Moody was one of the pioneer settlers of Rome, Pa. His son Benjamin, born 1798, is reputed as being the first white child born in Rome.

"Dr. Granville Moody, a popular army chaplain during the Civil War, could forget the cloth, when necessary, with evangelic tact. At Lookout Mountain, the Colonel of Moody's regiment went tearing up and down the lines, yelling to the troops, 'Give 'em hell, boys!' The chaplain was at his heels, yelling 'Do as your Colonel tells you, boys! Do as your Colonel tells you!' " Julia B. Foraker in *I Would Live It Again*.

In 1860 Rev. Granville accepted a call to Morris Chapel (now St. Paul's Church) in Cincinnati. He died in 1887 in Jefferson, Iowa. Incidentally, attending the 78th anniversary of the first settlement of Ohio at Marietta on April 7, 1866, was a William Moody who, it was claimed, was the first male child born in Cincinnati.

Rev. Granville's daughter, Clifford Neff Moody, born in Montgomery, Ohio, married Rear Admiral Joseph Fyffe, an outstanding character and the subject of many interesting and amusing tales often related in Navy circles.

Theodore Lyman Moody of Mobile, Ala., was, for many years, in the State Department in Washington.

Charles Dummer was a patent attorney in St. Louis.

The following is a list of some of the Moodys in the Clement of Exeter line known to have settled in the west.

Israel[6] (Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]) 1774 Unity, N. H., settled about 1810 in Ira, N. Y.

Elisha[7] (Israel[6], Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]) 1808 Unity, settled Lockport, N. Y., after 1835.

David[6] (John[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1778 Gilmanton, N. H., settled Union, N. Y., 1812.

Joseph[6] (Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1760 Brentwood, N. H., died 1821 in Madison Co., Ohio.

Joseph[7] (Joseph[6], Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1789 Shapleigh, Me., died in Waukesha Co., Wis.

Stephen[7] (David[6], John[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1801 Gilmanton, N. H., settled in Cortland, N. Y.

Charles[7] (David[6], John[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1808 Tunbridge, Vt., settled in Spencer, N. Y.

Nathaniel[8] (Washington[7], John[6-5], David[4], Clement[3]) Tunbridge, Vt., settled in 1853 in Elgin, Minn.

Paran[7] (John[6], Gilman[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1808 Monmouth, Me., settled in Jacksonville, Fla.

John[8] (John[7-6-5-4], Clement[3]) Wilmot, N. H., settled in Mechanicsburg, Ohio.

Darius[8] (John[7-6-5-4], Clement[3]) Wilmot, N. H., settled in Mechanicsburg, Ohio.

Joseph[8] (Joseph[7], Elisha[6], John[5-4], Clement[3]) 1814 Vershire, Vt., settled in 1854 in Sauk Rapids, Minn.

Elisha established a nursery business in Lockport, later known as E. Moody & Sons. He was an Assemblyman in 1867 and Mayor of Lockport in 1872. His sons were George H., born in Penfield, N. Y., in 1838, and Edward Mortimer Moody, born in Newfane, N. Y., in 1848.

Stephen had a son, Francis Burdette of Spencer, Ind., who was the father of the poet, William Vaughn Moody, an instructor in Chicago University. Stephen also had a son, Gideon Curtis Moody, born in Cortland, N. Y., in 1832, who settled in Indiana in 1851 and South Dakota in 1864. He was a Colonel in the Civil War and U. S. Senator in 1885 and 1889-91. He died in Deadwood, South Dakota, in 1904.

Joseph, the last on the above list, was a Vermont State Senator in 1853 before moving to Sauk Rapids.

The foregoing lists of men in the Moody lines specified include only those of the early generations, when such places as they settled were comparatively young. Many Moodys of the later generations are known to

have settled in the west "where your reputation is unknown" and the idea seems to be quite popular even at the present time.

THE CIVIL WAR

The following Moodys served in the Civil War:

MAINE

Albert A.[8] (Archibald[7], Samuel[6-5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1844-1896. Born Belmont.

Albion[7] (Enoch[6], James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1836-1911. Born Standish.

Albion (Son of John, born Kingfield) 1832-1920.

Alonzo J.[8] (James[7], William[6-5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]) Corp. Enlisted Brunswick.

Ashbury A.[8] (Ashby[7], William[6-5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]). Residence Auburn.

Augustus W. (Son of Benjamin) 1841-1920. Residence Frankfort.

Augustus R. (Co. B Reg. 19 Infantry).

Benjamin (Co. B Reg. 7 Infantry).

Benjamin H.[9] (Richard[8-7-6], Clement[5-4-3]) 1837-1906. Residence Windsor.

Cecil Delmont (Son of Benjamin) 1846-1924. Residence Prospect.

Charles E. (Co. A Reg. 1 Infantry).

Charles B.[7] (Joshua[6-5], Benjamin[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1840-1920. Residence Windham.

Charles F.[9] (Joseph[8], William[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) 1837-'81. Lincolnville.

Charles F. (Son of Charles R.). Born 1847 Cape Elizabeth.

Charles H. (Co. G Reg. 14 Infantry). Corp.

Charles H.[01] (Daniel[9], Ebenezer[8-7], William[6], Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) 1840-1906 Wells.

Charles H. (Co. A Reg. 43, Infantry).

Charles H. (Co. H Reg. 9, Infantry).

Charles W.[9] (Charles[8], John[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]) 1839-1910 Pittston.

Chandler S.[8] (Lewis[7], Edward[6-5]) 1831-1895. Residence Hartland.

Converse[8] (Converse[7], William[6-5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]).

David Jr.[8] (David[7-6], James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1837-1927. Residence Monroe.

David Thomas[8] (Rufus[7], David[6], Gilman[5], David[4], Clement[3]) 1833-1905. Residence Winthrop.

Davis[8] (Davis[7], Joseph[6], Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1830-1909. Residence Salem.

Daniel Mack[9] (Jeremiah[8-7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]) 1828-1883. Residence Pittston.

Dennis[8] (David[7-6], James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1839-1913. Residence Monroe.

Edwin W.[9] (Royal[8], William[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5-4-3]) 1848-. Residence Pittston.

Edwin[9] (John[8]-[7], Joseph[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) 1841-1920. Residence Scarboro.
Frank[8] (Daniel[7]-[6], Joshua[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]). Residence Gorham.
Frank G. Corp. (Co. E, Reg. 32, Infantry).
George A. (Co. E, Reg. 23, Infantry) 1832-1873. Residence Randolph.
George A. (John) (Co. I, Reg. 20, Infantry) 1844-1922. Corp. Residence Webster.
George P. (Charles S.) (Co. I, Reg. 29, Infantry) 1845-1925. Residence Gray.
Henry C. (Co. G, Reg. 32, Infantry).
Hiram C. (Co. A, Reg. 2, Cavalry). Died in service 1864. Residence Weston.
Horace H. (Charles S.) (Co. E, Reg. 5, Infantry) 1843-1862. Residence Gray.
Hubbard C.[8] (Davis[7], Joseph[6], Samuel[5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) Corp., 1822-1890. Residence Coplin Plantation.
Isaac[8] (Amos[7]-[6], Joshua[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2] (1830-1901. Residence Nobleboro.
Isaiah[9] (Benjamin[8], John[7], Joseph[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) 1831-1912. Residence Brunswick.
James C.[9] (Richard[8]-[7]-[6], Clement[5]-[4]-[3]) 1820-1912. Residence Brunswick.
James E.[7] (James) (Co. I, Reg. 27, Infantry) 1840-1910. Residence Kennebunkport.
James[9] (William[8]-[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5]-[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) 1826-1914. Residence Lincolnville.
James W. (Co. I, Reg. 11, Infantry).
John (James) (Co. A, Reg. 10, Infantry) 1840-1861. Residence Kennebunkport.
John J. (Reg. 17).
John S.[9] (Sewell[8], John[7], Joseph[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) 1844-1915. Residence Cape Elizabeth.
LaForest F. (Co. I, Reg. 14, Infantry).
Leonard[9] (Nathaniel[8], Jeremiah[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5]-[4]-[3]) 1839-1905, Corp. Residence Pittston.
Levi[9] (Levi[8], Jeremiah[7], Scribner[6], Clement[5]-[4]-[3]) 1830-, Corp. Residence Pittston.
Lucius[9] (Nathaniel[8], Jeremiah[7], Scribner[5], Clement[6]-[4]-[3]) 1837-. Residence Pittston.
Moses[9] (Daniel[8], Joseph[7]-[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) killed at Gettysburg. Residence Limington.
Morton (Co. I, Reg. 11, Infantry).
Nahum P.[8] (Hezekiah[7], Josiah[6], Houchin[5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2]) 1822-1862. Residence Woodstock.
Nathaniel (Co. H, Reg. 11, Infantry).
Orrin[9] (Benjamin[8], Joseph[7]-[6]-[5], Daniel[4]-[3], Caleb[2]) Corp. Residence Limington.

Richard[9] (John[8], Richard[7-6], Clement[5-4-3]) 1817-1864. Residence Windsor.
Roy P.[8] (Alfred[7], David[5], Gilman[6], David[4], Clement[3]). Residence Winthrop.
Sylvester C. (Reg. 11, Infantry).
Sylvester P. (Reg. 43, Infantry).
Simon C. (Co. H, Reg. 21, Infantry) Corp. 1827-1919. Residence Newcastle.
Thomas (Co. A, Reg. 2, Cavalry).
Thomas T.[8] (Caleb[7], Jacob[5], Humphrey[6], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1827-1903. Residence Islesboro.
Wellington (Co. H, Reg. 2, Cavalry).
William F.[9] (Daniel[8], William[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]) 1846-1902. Residence Lincolnville.
William F. (Co. K, Reg. 24, Infantry).
William H. (Co. L, Reg. 2, Infantry) 2nd Lieut.
William H. (Co. I, Reg. 27, Infantry) Sgt. Residence Kennebunk.
William H. (Co. I, Reg. 9, Infantry).
William H. (Co. D, Reg. 4, Infantry).
William H. (Co. G, Reg. 28, Infantry).
William C. (Co. D, Reg. 5, Infantry) 1835-1913. Residence Brunswick.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Alva, born Tamworth. Enlisted ae 18. Residence Somersworth.
Ammon, born Tamworth. Enlisted ae 28. Residence Ellsworth.
Andrew J.[8] (Mathew[7], Elias[6], Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]). Enlisted 1862, ae 32. Residence Newport.
Benjamin A., born Louden. Enlisted 1864, ae 28. Residence Peterborough.
Charles E.[8] (Stephen[7], Elisha[6], John[5], David[4], Clement[3]). Residence Gilmanton.
Charles T.[8] (Jonathan[7], Elias[6], Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]). Residence Claremont.
Dana R., born Vermont. Enlisted in Clarksville 1864, ae 27.
David M., born Charleston, Vt. Enlisted 1862, ae 26. Residence Lebanon.
Dearborn S.[8] (Nathaniel[7], Benjamin[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) born 1834 Landaff.
George W.[8] (Jonathan[7], Elias[6], Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]). Residence Claremont.
Henry[10] (Hezekiah[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]). Born 1843 Enfield.
J. Horace (Hezekiah[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]). Born 1845 Enfield.
Ira A., born Ossipee. Enlisted 1862, ae 33. Residence Dover.
John H.[8] (Howard[7], Thomas[6-5], Joseph[4], Samuel[3], Caleb[2]). Born 1844 Canterbury.

John C.[10] (Hezekiah[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]). Born 1833 Enfield.
Joseph (Joseph, Abner). Enlisted 1861, ae 42. Residence Ossipee.
Leonard C. Enlisted 1862, ae 24. Born Franconia. Residence Benton.
Moses F.[8] (William[7], Moses[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]). Born 1842 Springfield.
Nathan C.[8] (Henry[7], Joshua[6], Samuel[5-4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]). Born 1831 Portsmouth.
Plummer P. Enlisted 1864, ae 21. Residence Pittsfield.
Thomas P., born Claremont. Enlisted 1862, ae 41. Residence Lancaster.
William H., born Concord. Enlisted 1862, ae 18. Residence Concord.
William H. H.[8] (Jonathan[7], Elias[6], Daniel[5], Philip[4], Clement[3]). Born 1842 Claremont.

VERMONT

Almon B. Enlisted 1865. Residence Grand Isle.
Alson S.[7] (Spencer[6], Daniel[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) 1844-1908 Craftsbury.
Charles[10] (John[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Charleston. Died 1862.
Charles H.[10] (David[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Tunbridge. Enlisted 1864.
Charles E.[8] (Joseph[7-6], Noah[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) Vernon. Born 1847.
Charles. Enlisted 1865 Waterbury.
Clement G.[9] (Scribner[8], Clement[7-6-5], Josiah[4], Clement[3]) 1835-1923 Stowe. Enlisted 1863.
David[10] (John[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Charleston. Born 1841.
Dexter[10] (Joseph[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Waterbury. Died 1931.
Edson L.[8] (Jeremy[7-6], Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) 1844-1895 Weybridge. Enlisted 1863.
Edwin F.[8] (James[7], Moses[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1834-1900 Starksboro.
Hartwell[9] (Daniel[8], Joseph[7], Elisha[6], John[5-4], Clement[3]) 1829-1898 Waterbury.
Harvey[10] (John[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Charleston. Enlisted 1861.
Henry W.[8] (James[7], Gideon[6], Zimri[5], Ebenezer[4], John[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) Castleton. Died 1927.
Horace W.[8] (James[7], Gideon[6], Zimri[5], Ebenezer[4], John[3], Samuel[2], John[1]) Castleton. Born 1839.
James S.[8] (James[7], Moses[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1831-1900 Starksboro.

John[8] (James[7], Moses[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]) 1815-1865 Starksboro.
John. Enlisted 1861. Residence Bristol.
John R. Enlisted 1861. Residence Greensboro.
Joseph[10] (John[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Charleston. Died 1862.
Lucius D.[8] (Jeremy[7-6], Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]) Cornwall. Died 1881.
Marcus A.[8] (John[7-6], Daniel[5], Caleb[4], Thomas[3], Caleb[2]) 1840-1912 Bethel.
Sadona C. Enlisted 1862 Stowe. Died 1863. Buried Chicago, Ill.
Samuel[10] (John[9], Clement[8], Ezra[7], Jonathan[6], Clement[5-4-3]) Charleston. 1843-1898.
William. Enlisted 1862. Residence Wells. 1821-1876.
William. Enlisted 1862. Residence Thetford.

MASSACHUSETTS

Albert[7] (Joseph[6-5-4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2], William[1]) Lynn. 1833-1892.
Albert. Enlisted 1864. Residence Roxbury.
Almon S.[8] (Silas[7-6], Asahel[5], Jonathan[4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1862, Methuen.
Austin[8] (Hovey[7], Samuel[6-5-4-3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1864. Westfield. 1836-1890.
Charles L.[8] (Hovey[7], Samuel[6-5-4-3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1861. South Hadley. Born 1838.
Charles F.[8] (Freeman[7], Samuel[6], James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) (1840-1915. Cambridge.
Charles S.[7] (Sidney[6], Seth[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]). South Hadley. Born 1739.
Charles[8] (Henry[7-6], Samuel[5-4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]) 1846-1927. Enlisted 1865. Salisbury.
Converse[8] (Joseph[7], William[6-5], Joshua[4], Samuel[3], Joshua[2], William[1]). Enlisted 1862 Salem.
Daniel W.[9] (Samuel[8], John[7-6-5-4], Clement[3]). Enlisted 1861. Woburn.
Edmund. Enlisted 1864. Haverhill. Born 1835.
Edward F.[8] (Marcus[7], Ezra[6], Elijah[5], Ebenezer[4-3], Samuel[2], John[1]). Enlisted 1861 Northampton.
Edwin A. Enlisted 1861. Lowell. Born 1840.
Ethanan L.[7] (Joseph[6-5-4], Cutting[3], Samuel[2], William[1]). Enlisted 1861. Haverhill. Born 1843.
Francis O. Enlisted 1861. Chelsea. Born 1841. Son of Joshua of Boston.
Gardner S.[7] (Joshua[6], Samuel[5-4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]). Enlisted 1862. Salisbury. Born 1842.
George B. Enlisted 1861. Sutton. Born 1838.
George F. Enlisted 1862. Westfield. Born 1843.
George H.[8] (Daniel[7], Elihu[6], Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1862. Monson.

George H. Enlisted 1861. Cambridge. Born 1842. Son of Joshua of Boston.
Harlan B.[9] (Joel[8-7], Elihu[6], Jonathan[5-4], Samuel[3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1862. Monson.
Henry L.[8] (Loring[7], Samuel[6], James[5], Samuel[4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]). Enlisted 1862. Malden.
Henry H. Enlisted 1861. Roxbury.
James C.[7] (Cotton[6], Ebenezer[5-4-3], Samuel[2], John[1]). Enlisted 1864. Townsend. Born 1832.
James S.[8] (Moses[7], Benjamin[6], Humphrey[5], Benjamin[4], Caleb[3-2]). Enlisted 1861. Stoneham.
John E. Enlisted 1864. South Danvers. Born 1838.
John W. Enlisted 1864. Westboro. Born 1846. Son of Israel. Born St. John, N. B.
Joseph E.[7] (Joseph[6], Benjamin[5-4], Joshua[3], Caleb[2]) 1842-1916. Enlisted Newburyport 1864.
Joseph L.[9] (Robert[8], William[7], Ebenezer[6], Daniel[5-4-3], Caleb[2]). Enlisted Fitchburg 1861.
Joseph W. Enlisted 1862. Charlestown. Born 1830.
Lucian[8] (Joseph[7-6], Noah[5], Joseph[4], Ebenezer[3], Samuel[2], John[1]). Enlisted 1862. South Hadley.
Marcus T.[8] (Marcus[7], Ezra[6], Elijah[5], Ebenezer[4-3], Samuel[2], John[1]). Enlisted 1861. Northampton.
William[8] (John[7], Joshua[6], Samuel[5-4], Daniel[3], Caleb[2]). Enlisted 1862. Salisbury. Born 1837.
William A. Enlisted 1862. Westfield. Born 1834.
William H. Enlisted 1864. Gloucester. Born 1834.
William H.[8] (William[7], Elisha[6-5], Samuel[4-3-2], John[1]). Enlisted 1861. South Hadley. Born 1843.

CONNECTICUT

Henry, Sgt. Enlisted 1861. Ellington.
Joseph. Enlisted 1863. Ellington.
Bland. Enlisted 1864. Chester.
Edmund T. Enlisted 1862. Fairfield. His father Edmund emigrant from England.
Edgar. Enlisted 1862. Madison.

THE ORIGIN OF THE MOODY FAMILY

The Moodys of New England were probably all from England, John from Moulton, County Suffolk, William from Ipswich, County Suffolk, and Lady Deborah with her son Henry were from Garesden, Wiltshire, although these two did not remain long in New England.

Of the Moodys of County Suffolk, there was Edmund Moodye who was knighted by Henry VIII October 6, 1541, and who had a son Richard Moodye, who died 1574. The incident, on account of which Edmund was knighted, is described in Darnley, an old English novel by G. P. R. James.

There was also Thomas Moody, mentioned in the record of the Easter Term of Court in Moulton in 1555, also William, Rector of Cockfield, buried June 28, 1567, and John (Vicar) of Benhall, buried April 24, 1567. These three may have been brothers of Richard.

Richard[2] had a wife Anne and ten children. His sons were: George 1559-1607, Robert 1563, John and Edmund 1570.

George[3] (Richard[2]) married first, Margaret ———, who died 1603, and married second, Christian Cramp. He had nine children. His sons were: George 1587-1652, Samuel 1592-1658, and John of Hartford, Conn., 1593, died about 1655. The first child, Elizabeth, born 1582, married 1610 John Pratt, who was the father of John Pratt, one of the early settlers of Hartford, Conn. The second child, Frances, born 1584, married Thomas Kilborne, who settled in Wethersfield, Conn.

Robert[3] (Richard[2]) had sons: George of Sudbury, married 1601 Mary Bacon, and William of Sudbury, married 1603 Agnes Collyn.

John[3] (Richard[2]) had children: Richard, Anne, John, died before 1637, and John.

Edmund[3] (Richard[2]) had children: Anne 1599, Richard 1602, and Margaret 1615.

Samuel[4] (George[3], Richard[2]) had nine children. His sons were: George 1616-1695, Samuel 1620, John of Ipswich, County Suffolk, and Thomas 1627-1645.

George[4] (Robert[3], Richard[2]) of Sudbury had five children. His sons were: Thomas, married at Gaseley 1632 Alice Wrench, and Robert, married 1635 Alice Bird.

William[2], Rector of Cockfield, had sons William and Edward.

Edward[3] (William[2]), of Cockfield, had Edward, baptized June 7, 1610, in Cockfield, and William, baptized January 16, 1611.

Sir Henry Moody of Garesden, Wiltshire, was created a Baronet March 11, 1622, a new dignity between Knight and Baron carrying with it the titles of Sir and Lady, originated by King James. Sir Henry married Deborah Dunch 1606 and died April 23, 1629. Their son Henry was born in 1607. In 1640 Lady Deborah and her son Henry were living in Lynn, Mass.

Sir Henry's Coat of Arms in no way resembled that of the Suffolk Moodys. His father was Richard Moody Esq. and possibly was a brother

of the Edmund of Moulton who was knighted and who named his son Richard.

Reference has been made herein, under the subject of Emigrants, to several sons of Thomas Moody of England born 1767, which sons came to America between 1830 and 1850. One of these sons was Edmund born 1794, who lived in Bridgeport, Conn., from 1852 to 1855.

The vital records of Brighton, Me., gives the death of Thomas Butler Moody April 19, 1915, age 63 years, 8 months, 5 days, born in Derby, Conn., son of Edmund, born in Marsden Bradley, Wiltshire, England, and Susan Butler.

This record indicates that the father, Thomas, of England, was of Wiltshire and probably was a descendant of Richard, the father of Sir Henry. The name Edmund in this branch is another pointer to a relationship with Edmund, ancestor of the Suffolk Moodys.

There appears to be no record of Moodys in England other than these of Suffolk and Wiltshire, which two branches seem to stem from a common progenator, and it seems quite reasonable to suppose that this English family of Moodys is but a stray branch of the very old and large family of Moodies of Scotland.

Careful research has determined that the origin of the Moodie family was in Ferfarshire, Scotland, from which it spread into various parts of Scotland including the Orkney Islands. In later times there were in Forfardshire the landed families of Mudie of Bryanton, Gilchern, Pitmuies and Arbekie, of which there are records and genealogies. Of the early Forfarshire families there is no genealogy.

There are also records and genealogies of the Moodies of Melsetter in Orkney and the Moodies of Muir, Cocklaw, Blairhill, Kinnettles, Scotstoun, Courthill, Masterton, Cults and Barnhill.

The Marquis of Ruvigny and Raineval wrote a history of the family in 1906. He was the son of the eighth Marquis and his wife, Margaret Melville Moodie, daughter of George Moodie, seventh of Cocklaw in Fifeshire and afterwards of Melsetter House, Brandon, Manitoba, Canada. His uncle John Douglas Moodie, 2nd Battalion Canadian Rifles, was at one time a Governor of the Hudson Bay territory.

The Orkney Moodies all belong to the House of Melsetter. There are reliable records, in this line, of eldest sons and heirs to the family estates, but the younger sons are still to be traced.

This line is given here, going back to about 1400, to give one a realization of how widespread the family was in Scotland considering that this is only one of many lines of equal antiquity.

The line begins with (-) Mudie of Caldwell in Ayrshire who had two sons: Gilbert and William.

Gilbert Mudie[2] of Caldwell had, in 1455, a grant of lands in Caithnass and Sutherland, from his brother William, Bishop of Caithness. He, Gilbert, had sons: Gilbert and William.

Gilbert Mudie[3] of Dorrarie, Scrabster Castle and Skibo Castle in

Caithness and Sutherland had sons: Gilbert and William Mudie, M. A., who settled in Perthshire.

Gilbert Mudie[4] parted with lands in Caithness and Sutherland, married in 1543 and had sons: William, Gilbert and Thomas.

William Mudie[5] of Breckness, Snelsetter Castle and Melsetter, Orkney had one son: Adam.

Adam Mudie[6] of Breckness, Snelsetter Castle and Melsetter had sons: Adam (drowned in Pentland Firth), Francis and Robert.

Francis Mudie[7] of Breckness, Snelsetter Castle and Melsetter had sons: William, James, Patrick, Charles, Francis, Donald, and Robert, and died in 1644. His eldest son William died in 1631 without progeny.

James Mudie[8], fourth Laird of Melsetter, had sons: William, Henry, James, Francis, Charles, and John.

William Moodie[9], fifth Laird of Melsetter, had one son: James.

James Moodie[10], sixth Laird of Melsetter, M. P., became involved in a Jacobite conspiracy and fled to the Continent. The estate was taken over by his uncle James.

Capt. James Moodie[9], R. N., seventh Laird of Melsetter, had sons: John (died before 1718), James (died 1722), and Benjamin.

Benjamin Moodie[10], eighth Laird of Melsetter, had sons: James, Donald, John Bladen, Charles, Joseph, Robert, Samuel, and Benjamin.

James Moodie[11], ninth Laird of Melsetter, born 1757, succeeded his father in 1769, at the age of 12. He died in 1820 and had sons: Benjamin, Thomas, Donald, John Wedderburn Dunbar, and James.

Benjamin Moodie[12], tenth Laird of Melsetter, lost the family property due to the Napoleonic Wars and emigrated to South Africa where he died in 1856. He had sons: James, Thomas, Donald and Malcolm.

John Wedderburn Dunbar Moodie[12] settled after 1830, at Duoro (now Lakefield) in the County of Peterborough, Ontario, Canada. He is said to have many descendants in Canada and the States.

There is another line of Moodies in Canada, originally from Dunfermline, Scotland. The first settler of this line came to Canada in the 1790's with his parents and was a director in the Hudson Bay Fur Company. One of his sons, Mathew Moodie, was associated with the North Western Company before it became amalgamated with the Hudson Bay Fur Company.

One of Mathew's sons, James Moodie, had a son Edmund Moodie, M. D., born in Montreal in 1874 and died in New York State in 1910 and a son, James Francis Moodie living in Calgary, Alberta, Canada, in 1937.

The son, Edmund, was named for St. Edmund the English Saint and Archbishop of Canterbury, who died in 1240. No doubt the Edmund of Moulton, County Suffolk, England, was also named for St. Edmund as well as Bury St. Edmund and St. Edmund the old church in London.

Dunfermline in Scotland is on the east coast near Edinburgh and only about 50 miles south of Forfar in Forfarshire. It is also less than 350 miles north of Moulton, County Suffolk, England.

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